

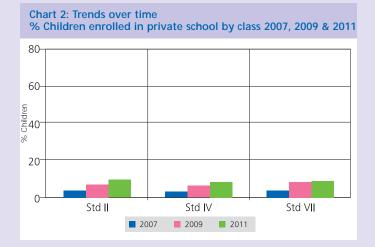
ALL ANALYSIS BASED ON DATA FROM HOUSEHOLDS. 25 OUT OF 26 DISTRICTS

School enrollment and out of school children

Table 1: % Children in different types of schools 2011

Age group	Govt.	Pvt.	Other	Not in School	Total
Age: 6-14 ALL	86.1	10.8	0.4	2.7	100
Age: 7-16 ALL	82.1	12.4	0.4	5.1	100
Age: 7-10 ALL	89.3	9.1	0.3	1.3	100
Age: 7-10 BOYS	88.6	9.8	0.4	1.1	100
Age: 7-10 GIRLS	90.2	8.2	0.3	1.4	100
Age: 11-14 ALL	82.5	12.7	0.4	4.4	100
Age: 11-14 BOYS	82.8	13.7	0.5	2.9	100
Age: 11-14 GIRLS	82.1	11.5	0.3	6.1	100
Age: 15-16 ALL	58.4	21.5	0.7	19.4	100
Age: 15-16 BOYS	60.4	23.3	0.9	15.4	100
Age: 15-16 GIRLS	55.8	19.2	0.4	24.5	100
Note: 'erure' includes shildre	n aoina to	modoreco o	ad ECS		

Note: 'OTHER' includes children going to madarssa and EGS. 'NOT IN SCHOOL' = dropped out + never enrolled.



Young children in pre-school and school

Table 3: % Children age 5-6 who are enrolled in different types of pre-school & school 2011

	In balwadi	In LKG/		In Scho	Not enrolled anywhere	Total		
	or anganwadi	UKG	Govt	Pvt	Other	Not e anyv	Ţ	
Age 5	34.2	5.5	49.7	7.5	0.5	2.7	100	
Age 6	2.4	0.9	85.5	9.8	0.5	1.0	100	

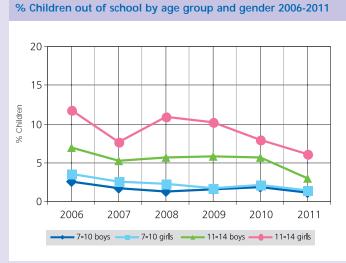


Chart 1: Trends over time

Table 2: Sample description

How to read this chart: For example, the proportion of girls (age 11-14) not in school has changed from 11.7% in 2006 to 7.6% in 2007 to 10.9% in 2008 to 10.2% in 2009 to 8% in 2010 to 6.1% in 2011

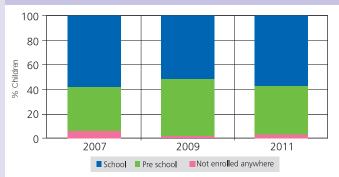
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% Ch	ildre	n in	each	clas	s by	age	2011						
Std.	5	6	7	8	9	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16					Total		
I	26.0	62.0	7.8		4.2							100	
II	1.1	9.2	75.7	10.5		3.6						100	
III	2	.0	7.7	73.8	12.3	3 4.2					100		
IV		3.1		8.3	8.3 69.9 14.3				4.4				100
V		2	.4		5.6	71.4	14.6	4.6 6.0					100
VI			1.6			6.3	66.0	21.0		5	.1		100
VII		3.1					7.6	63.5	5 18.8 7.0			100	
VIII			1	.6				7.5	67.2	17.4	6.	3	100

How to read this table: If a child started school in Std I at age 6, she should be age 8 in Std 3. This table shows the age distribution for each class. For example, in Std III, 73.8% children are 8 years old but there are also 7.7% who are 7, 12.3% who are 9 years old, etc.

Chart 3: Trends over time

Five year olds in pre-school & school 2007, 2009 & 2011





Reading

Table 4: % Children by class and READING level All schools 2011

Std.	Nothing	Letter	Word	Level 1 (Std 1 Text)	Level 2 (Std 2 Text)	Total
1	29.5	47.2	16.9	2.9	3.6	100
П	11.4	33.7	33.8	12.3	8.8	100
Ш	4.2	16.3	34.5	25.0	20.1	100
IV	2.2	10.3	22.8	28.2	36.5	100
V	1.2	6.0	14.4	29.2	49.2	100
VI	1.1	2.7	6.6	25.5	64.2	100
VII	0.5	2.3	5.8	20.1	71.4	100
VIII	0.9	2.3	4.2	12.9	79.8	100
Total	5.8	14.1	17.1	20.2	42.8	100

How to read this table: Each cell shows the highest level of reading achieved by a child. For example, in Std III, 4.2% children cannot even read letters, 16.3% can read letters but not more, 34.5% can read words but not Std 1 text or higher, 25% can read Std 1 text but not Std 2 level text, and 20.1% can read Std 2 level text. In sum, for each class, the total of all these exclusive categories is 100%.

Chart 4: Trends over time % Children in Std III who CANNOT READ Std I LEVEL TEXT

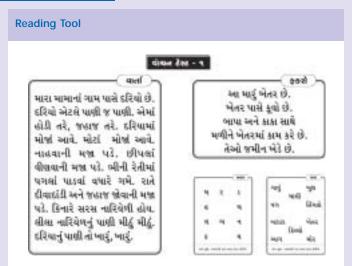


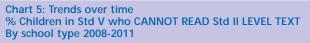
Home language and school language

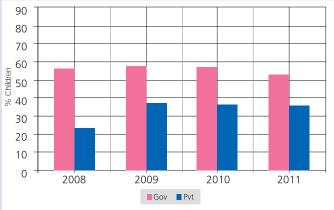
Table 5: School language and home language

% Children whose :	%
Home language is the same as school language	99.3
Home language is different from school language	0.8
Total	100.0

Note : In ASER 2011 for every state, reading tools were provided in the main medium of instruction in government schools. Children and their families were also asked about the language they speak at home. For home languages, a list of 122 languages was provided to all survey teams. This list includes 22 Scheduled languages and 100 Non-Scheduled languages. The data in this table is for children for whom we have information for both school language and home language.











Arithmetic

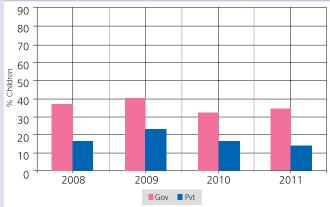
Table 6: % Children by class and ARITHMETIC levelAll schools 2011

Std.	Nothing	Recognize	e Numbers	Subtract	Divide	Total
	Nothing	1-9	11-99	oubtract	Divido	lotai
- I	30.0	53.6	12.8	2.3	1.3	100
П	12.4	45.8	33.0	6.4	2.4	100
Ш	5.3	26.6	43.4	19.4	5.3	100
IV	2.9	15.7	36.8	30.6	14.1	100
V	1.8	9.9	29.5	36.0	22.7	100
VI	1.4	6.0	20.6	40.9	31.3	100
VII	1.1	4.7	15.7	36.4	42.1	100
VIII	1.1	3.8	12.9	29.3	53.0	100
Total	6.4	19.5	25.8	26.2	22.1	100

How to read this table: Each cell shows the highest level of arithmetic achieved by a child. For example, in Std III, 5.3% children cannot even recognize numbers 1-9, 26.6% children can recognize numbers up to 9 but not more, 43.4% can recognize numbers to 99 but cannot do subtraction, 19.4% can do subtraction but not division, and 5.3% can do division. In sum, for each class, the total of all these exclusive categories is 100%.

Chart 6: Trends over time





Tuition

Table 7: Class-wise % children attending PAID TUITION CLASSES By school type 2007, 2009, 2010 and 2011

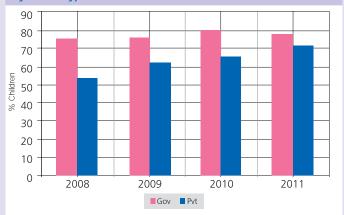
Year	School				IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	Total
2007	Govt	3.9	5.6	6.0	5.8	7.4	7.3	10.2	13.0	6.9
2007	Pvt	19.8	23.5	26.6	26.1	40.3	31.1	35.2	26.0	27.9
2000	Govt	5.5	7.1	7.1	9.0	9.2	9.0	9.1	11.9	8.3
2009 -	Pvt	29.4	33.8	39.9	40.4	44.0	38.8	31.0	23.8	33.2
2010	Govt	5.5	8.9	8.5	10.7	9.5	10.7	10.4	9.8	9.3
2010	Pvt	21.4	36.9	44.1	35.9	40.8	39.4	39.8	28.8	35.3
2011	Govt	6.8	9.5	9.8	11.3	10.5	10.6	11.1	14.3	10.5
2011	Pvt	39.7	52.4	49.8	46.3	54.4	45.7	56.2	40.7	47.8

Note: In 2007, 2009, 2010 and 2011 the ASER survey recorded information about tuition. In all 4 years, the question asked was the following: "Does the child take any paid additional class currently?" Therefore, these numbers do not include any supplemental help in learning that children may have received from parents, siblings or from anyone else who did not require payment.

Math Tool

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9	6	69	۶ų	- 95	- 49	n) ca <i>z</i>
ų	ę	39	83	48 - 94	- 86	8) 443

Chart 7: Trends over time % Children in Std V who CANNOT DO DIVISION By school type 2008-2011







As part of ASER 2007, 2009, 2010 and 2011, in each sampled village, one government school with primary sections was visited on the day of the survey. Information about schools in this report is based on these visits.

School observations

Table 8: Total schools visited 2007, 2009, 2010 and 2011

Type of school	2007	2009	2010	2011
Std I-IV/V: Primary	76	73	66	67
Std I-VII/VIII: Primary + Upper primary	558	591	557	583
Total schools visited	634	664	623	650

Student and teacher attendance

Table 9: Student attendance 2007, 2009, 2010 and 2011

т. с. I. I.	2007	2009	2010	2011	2007	2009	2010	2011
Type of school		Std I	-IV/V		Std I-VII/VIII			
% Enrolled children present (average)	81.0	83.9	87.4	85.0	85.5	83.1	84.4	84.9
% Schools with less than 50% enrolled children present (average)	5.6	0.0	0.0	1.5	2.4	3.9	3.2	1.4
% Schools with 75% or more enrolled children present (average)	68.1	77.8	85.0	87.9	85.9	76.8	81.3	86.4

Other school information

Table 11: Headteachers 2010 & 2011

	2010	2011	2010	2011	
% Schools with:	Std I	-IV/V	Std I-VII/VIII		
No Headteacher appointed	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	
Headteacher appointed but not present at time of visit	18.2	8.0	5.6	4.3	
Headteacher appointed & present at time of visit	81.8	92.0	94.4	95.5	
Total	100	100	100	100	



Table 10: Teacher attendance 2007, 2009, 2010 and 2011

Tura af asha al	2007	2009	2010	2011	2007	2009	2010	2011
Type of school		Std I	-IV/V		Std I-VII/VIII			
% Teachers present (average)	94.7	95.4	94.7	95.6	93.0	94.8	95.9	94.4
% Schools with no teachers present (average)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
% Schools with all teachers present (average)	85.7	84.1	78.7	88.1	69.9	76.5	77.2	71.3

Table 12: Computers 2010 and 2011				
0/ Cohecila with	2010	2011	2010	2011
% Schools with:		Std I-IV/V		VII/VIII
No computer	85.9	81.3	43.4	39.1
Computers but no children using them on day of visit	4.7	17.2	26.6	29.9
Computers & children using them on day of visit	9.4	1.6	30.1	31.0
Total	100	100	100	100

Table 13: Multigrade classes 2007, 2009, 2010 and 2011

% Schools with:	2007	2009	2010	2011	2007	2009	2010	2011
70 SCHOOLS WITH.	Std I-IV/V				Std I-VII/VIII			
Std II children sitting with one or more other classes	59.2	76.8	56.1	64.2	28.4	38.2	33.6	32.8
Std IV children sitting with one or more other classes	58.6	69.0	51.7	62.7	27.6	36.6	30.7	28.6



School funds and activities (PAISA)

Table 14: % Schools who report receiving SSA grants - Full financial year

SSA school	2008-2009			2009-2010			2010-2011					
	No.	%	Scho	ols	No.	%	Scho	ols	No.	%	Scho	ols
grants	of Sch.	Yes		Don't know	of Sch.	Yes		Don't know	of Sch.	Yes	INO	Don't know
Maintenance grant	541	82.4	14.6	3.0	440	87.5	5.7	6.8	609	79.3	17.1	3.6
Development grant	545	88.3	8.6	3.1	443	87.6	5.0	7.5	604	82.6	14.6	2.8
TLM grant	567	96.3	1.9	1.8	453	94.5	1.6	4.0	613	91.2	8.0	0.8

Table 15: % Schools who report receiving SSA grants - Half financial year

SSA school April 2009 October 20				April 2010 to October 2010			April 2011 to October 2011					
	No.	%	Scho	ols	No.	%	Scho	ols	No.	%	Scho	ols
grants	of Sch.	Yes	No	Don't know	Sch	Yes		Don't know	Cob	Yes		Don't know
Maintenance grant	498	74.7	20.1	5.2	415	81.9	9.2	8.9	544	65.3	30.2	4.6
Development grant	495	83.4	11.9	4.7	421	85.5	7.4	7.1	540	67.0	29.1	3.9
TLM grant	518	88.6	8.3	3.1	423	89.1	5.0	5.9	542	70.1	26.8	3.1

Table 16: % Schools carrying out different activities since April 2011

	Type of Activity	C	% schools			
		Yes	No	Don't know		
Const.	New Classroom	40.7	57.6	1.7		
	Repair of building (roof, floor, wall etc.)	54.9	43.6	1.5		
	Repair of doors & windows	48.8	49.3	1.9		
Repairs	Repair of boundary wall	34.5	63.6	1.9		
	Repair of drinking water facility	57.0	41.4	1.7		
	Repair of toilet	48.9	49.1	2.0		
Painting	White wash/plastering	59.5	39.5	1.0		
& White	Painting Blackboard/Display Board/Painting on wall	66.7	32.5	0.8		
Wash	Painting of doors & walls	51.8	47.0	1.2		
	Purchase of furniture (cupboard etc.)	46.3	50.9	2.8		
	Purchase of electrical fittings	63.9	34.3	1.8		
Purchase	Purchase of chalk, duster, register etc.	89.3	9.9	0.8		
	Purchase of sitting Mats/Tat Patti	36.6	61.6	1.8		
	Purchase of charts, globes & other teaching material	75.4	23.4	1.2		
0.1	Expenditure on school events	73.8	24.5	1.7		
Other	Payment of bills (electricity, water, cleaning etc.)	54.6	42.1	3.3		

The PAISA section of ASER tracks receipt and spending of Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA) grants at the school level. This information is collected from schools visited during the survey. This page reports proportion of schools receiving the grants and carrying out specified activities in the schools. More detailed analysis of the PAISA data will be available in the PAISA 2011 report which will be released in March 2012.¹

EVERY RURAL GOVERNMENT PRIMARY SCHOOL IS ENTITLED TO EACH OF THESE SSA GRANTS EVERY YEAR.

How much goes to each school	For what purposes				
SCHOOL DEVELOPMENT	GRANT / SCHOOL GRANT				
Rs.5000 per year per primary school	This grant can be used for buying school equipment such as blackboard, sitting				
Rs.7000 per year per upper primary school	mats etc. Also for buying chalk, duster, registers and other office equipment.				
Rs 5000 + Rs 7000 = Rs 12000 if the school is Std I-VII/VIII.	The grant amount varies by				
Note: Primary and Upper Primary schools are treated as separate schools even if they are in the same pre- mises.	type of school: whether it is a primary or upper primary school.				
SCHOOL MAINTENANCE GRANT					
Rs.5000 - Rs 7500 per school per year if the school has upto 3 classrooms.	This grant can be used for maintenance of school building, including whitewashing;				
Rs 7500 - Rs.10000 per year if the school has more than 3 classrooms.	beautification; and repair of toilets, hand pump, boundary wall, playground etc.				
Primary and Upper Primary schools are treated as separate schools even if they are in the same building.	The grant amount depends on number of classrooms (excluding Headmaster room and office room)				
TLM	GRANT				
Rs.500 per teacher per year in primary and upper pri- mary schools.	This grant can be used by teachers to buy teaching aids, such as charts, globes,				

¹ For more information see www.accountabilityinitiative.in



Right to Education indicators

Table 17: Schools by total enrollment 2010 and 2011

School	20	10	2011		
enrollment	No. of schools		No. of schools	% of schools	
1-60	27	4.6	37	5.9	
61-90	25	4.2	37	5.9	
91-120	34	5.8	33	5.2	
121-150	46	7.8	47	7.5	
151-200	74	12.5	85	13.5	
> 200	384	65.1	391	62.1	
TOTAL	590	100.0	630	100.0	

Table 19: Schools by number of teachers 2010 and 2011

	20	2010		11
Number of teachers	No. of schools	% of schools	No. of schools	% of schools
1	20	3.6	22	4.1
2	31	5.6	33	6.2
3	25	4.5	27	5.1
4	32	5.8	29	5.4
5	39	7.1	35	6.5
6	46	8.3	54	10.1
>=7	360	65.1	335	62.6
TOTAL	553	100.0	535	100.0

Table 18: RTE norms: Pupil-teacher ratio 2010 and 2011

School	RTE Teacher	2010	2011				
enrollment Norms		% Schools that do not meet PTR norms					
1-60	2	69.6	37.5				
61-90	3	70.8	60.0				
91-120	4	35.5	40.7				
121-150	5	53.7	43.9				
151-200	5 + HM	31.3	17.2				
> 200	see note	32.3	39.1				
TOTAL		37.3	38.0				

Note : For schools with enrollment above 200 children the PTR shall not exceed 40 excluding the Head Teacher

Table 20: RTE norms: Teacher - classroom ratio 2010 and 2011

RTE norm: At least one	2010	2011			
classroom per teacher	% Schools that do not				
Number of teachers	meet classroom to teach norms				
1	0.0	0.0			
2	0.0	10.0			
3	5.6	18.2			
4	14.3	22.2			
5	30.3	25.0			
6	26.1	21.4			
>=7	16.0	10.4			
TOTAL	15.9	12.4			

Table 21: % Schools meeting selected RTE norms on facilities 2010 & 2011

% of schools	with	2010	2011				
	Office/Store/Office cum store	80.2	82.8				
Building	Playground	75.4	83.2				
	Boundary Wall	84.5	91.1				
Drinking	No facility for drinking water	14.2	10.3				
Water	Facility but no drinking water available	6.5	5.9				
	Drinking water available	79.4	83.9				
Tailat	No toilet facility	2.6	2.1				
Toilet Facility but toilet not useable		32.6	28.4				
	Toilet useable	64.8	69.5				
	% Schools with no separate provisions for girls toilets	12.7	5.2				
Girls Toilet	Of schools with separate girls toilets, % schools where						
On is fonce	Toilet locked	20.7	8.0				
	Toilet not useable	16.7	19.1				
	Toilet useable	49.9	67.7				
TLM	Teaching learning material in Std 2	95.6	97.0				
	Teaching learning material in Std 4	94.8	96.2				
Library	No library	16.2	17.0				
,	Library but no books being used by children on day of visit	35.2	38.8				
	Library being used by children on day of visit	48.5	44.2				
MDM	Kitchen shed for cooking midday meal	88.4	92.0				
IVIDIVI	Midday meal served in school on the day of visit	96.4	97.8				

Note: School observations for ASER 2011 looked at TLM for Std II and Std IV only.

As part of ASER 2010 and 2011, in each sampled village, one government school with primary sections was visited on the day of the survey. During this school visit, RTE indicators were observed and are reported here.

Extracts from the Schedule of The Right of Children to Free and Compulsory Education Act 2009 Norms and standards for a School (Sections 19 and 25)

Number of teachers in Std 1-5:

iber of teachers in a	nu 1-5.
Admitted children	No. of teachers
<= 60	2
61-90	3
91-120	4
121-200	5
> 150	5 + 1 Headteacher
> 200	Pupil-Teacher Ratio
	(excluding Headteacher) shall not exceed 40

School facilities:

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All weather building with:

- At least one classroom for every teacher
- Office cum store cum headteacher's room
- Separate toilets for boys and girls
- Safe and adequate drinking water facility to all children
- A kitchen where mid-day meal is cooked in the school
- Playground
- Arrangements for securing the school building by boundary wall or fencing.

Teaching learning equipment

shall be provided to each class as required.

Library

There shall be a library in each school providing newspaper, magazines and books on all subjects, including story-books.

