ANALYSIS BASED ON DATA FROM HOUSEHOLDS. 38 OUT OF 38 DISTRICTS Data is not presented where sample size is insufficient.



School enrollment

Table 1: % Children enrolled in different types of schools. By age group and sex. 2022

Age group and sex	Govt	Pvt	Other	Not in school	Total
Age 6-14: All	82.2	15.0	0.8	2.0	100
Age 7-16: All	82.7	14.3	0.7	2.3	100
Age 7-10: All	80.9	16.7	0.9	1.6	100
Age 7-10: Boys	78.1	19.4	0.8	1.7	100
Age 7-10: Girls	83.7	13.8	0.9	1.6	100
Age 11-14: All	83.7	14.0	0.7	1.7	100
Age 11-14: Boys	80.9	17.0	0.5	1.6	100
Age 11-14: Girls	86.6	10.8	0.8	1.8	100
Age 15-16: All	86.0	7.0	0.6	6.4	100
Age 15-16: Boys	85.1	8.2	0.5	6.2	100
Age 15-16: Girls	86.8	5.9	0.6	6.7	100

'Other' includes children going to Madarsa or EGS.

'Not in school' includes children who never enrolled or have dropped out.

Chart 2: Trends over time % Children age 6-14 enrolled in govt schools. 2006, 2010, 2014, 2018, 2022

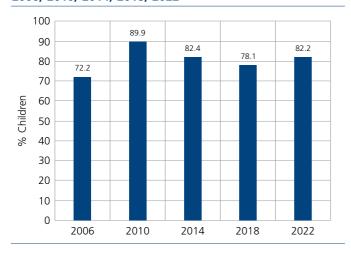
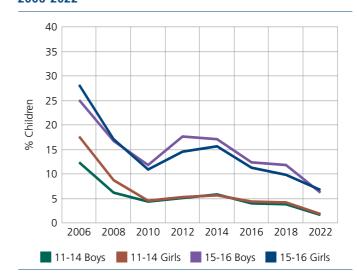


Chart 1: Trends over time % Children not enrolled in school. By age group and sex. 2006-2022





Young children in pre-school and school

Table 2: % Children enrolled in different types of preschools and schools. By age. 2018

	Pre	Pre-school			School	Not in		
Age	Anganwadi	Govt pre- primary	Pvt LKG/ UKG	Govt	Pvt	Other	pre- school or school	Total
Age 3	56.6	0.4	3.9	4.5	1.3	0.1	33.3	100
Age 4	55.8	0.8	11.3	10.3	3.5	0.5	17.8	100
Age 5	36.4	0.7	17.0	27.4	6.3	0.8	11.5	100
Age 6	13.3	0.5	16.5	52.9	10.1	1.0	5.7	100
Age 7	3.5	0.6	13.8	62.9	14.8	0.9	3.6	100
Age 8	1.7	0.2	8.3	68.9	16.9	1.2	2.9	100

Table 3: % Children enrolled in different types of preschools and schools. By age. 2022

	Pre	-school			School		Not in	
Age	Anganwadi	Govt pre- primary	Pvt LKG/ UKG	Govt	Pvt	Other	pre- school or school	Total
Age 3	66.9	0.2	5.1	4.1	0.6	0.2	23.0	100
Age 4	67.1	0.3	11.2	6.7	1.3	0.5	12.9	100
Age 5	45.8	0.6	15.5	25.5	4.9	0.7	7.0	100
Age 6	15.7	0.3	15.5	56.2	7.4	0.8	4.1	100
Age 7	4.0	0.3	13.1	67.0	12.8	0.8	1.9	100
Age 8	1.0	0.1	6.8	75.0	14.7	0.6	1.8	100

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Reading

ASER learning assessments are conducted in the household. Children in the age group 5-16 are assessed. Assessments are conducted in 19 languages across the country. The type of school in which children are enrolled (government or private) is also recorded.

Table 4: % Children by grade and reading level. All children. 2022

Std	Not even letter	Letter	Word	Std I level text	Std II level text	Total
1	51.8	26.4	8.9	4.7	8.3	100
II	32.4	33.9	13.3	6.9	13.5	100
III	23.1	30.2	16.3	10.7	19.8	100
IV	14.9	24.3	16.2	14.7	30.0	100
V	9.0	19.0	13.6	16.0	42.4	100
VI	7.0	13.4	12.1	15.9	51.5	100
VII	4.8	9.9	8.7	15.2	61.4	100
VIII	3.5	6.9	6.5	11.9	71.2	100

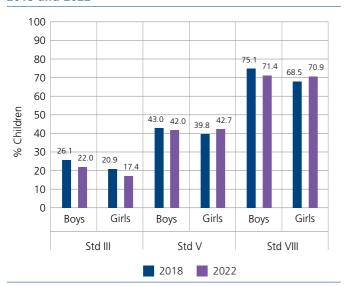
The reading tool is a progressive tool. Each row shows the variation in children's reading levels within a given grade. For example, among children in Std III, 23.1% cannot even read letters, 30.2% can read letters but not words or higher, 16.3% can read words but not Std I level text or higher, 10.7% can read Std I level text but not Std II level text, and 19.8% can read Std II level text. For each grade, the total of these exclusive categories is 100%.

Table 5: Trends over time Reading in Std III. By school type. 2012, 2014, 2016, 2018, 2022

Year	/	dren in Std d Std II le				
rear	Govt Pvt Govt Pvt*					
2012	14.2	52.7	16.8			
2014	15.6	66.1	21.9			
2016	13.9	62.5	20.8			
2018	12.3	62.0	23.7			
2022	12.9	54.3	19.8			

The highest level in the ASER reading assessment is a Std II level text. Table 5 shows the proportion of children in Std III who can read Std II level text. This figure is a proxy for "grade level" reading for Std III. Data for children enrolled in government schools and private schools is shown separately.

Chart 3: Trends over time % Children who can read Std II level text. By grade and sex. 2018 and 2022



Reading tool

नगमा समझदार लड़की थी।
मगर उसका छोटा भाई अमन
बहुत नटखट था। एक दिन दोनों
बाज़ार में घूम रहे थे। अमन ने
रास्ते में पकौड़े देखे। उसे पकौड़े
बहुत पसंद थे। माँ उसके लिए
पकौड़े बनाती थी। नगमा ने कहा
यह पकौड़े तीखे होंगे। मगर अमन
नहीं माना। अमन ने पकौड़े खाए
और उसकी आँखों से आँसू
निकलने लगे।

Std II level text

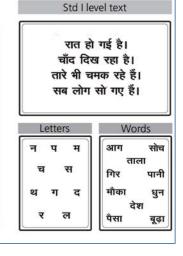


Table 6: Trends over time Reading in Std V and Std VIII. By school type. 2012, 2014, 2016, 2018, 2022

Year		en in Std V Std II leve	/ who can I text	% Children in Std VIII who can read Std II level text		
	Govt	Pvt	Govt & Pvt*	Govt	Pvt	Govt & Pvt*
2012	43.1	74.8	44.4	80.3		80.7
2014	44.6	87.8	48.2	76.9	86.8	77.3
2016	38.0	82.6	41.8	73.9	96.0	75.2
2018	35.1	78.1	41.3	69.5	93.0	71.4
2022	37.1	73.4	42.5	69.7	89.3	71.2

^{*}This is the weighted average for children in government and private schools only.



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^{*}This is the weighted average for children in government and private schools only.

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Arithmetic

ASER learning assessments are conducted in the household. Children in the age group 5-16 are assessed. Assessments are conducted in 19 languages across the country. The type of school in which children are enrolled (government or private) is also recorded.

Table 7: % Children by grade and arithmetic level. All children. 2022

Std	Not even	Recognise	number	Subtract	Divide	Total
Jiu	1-9	1-9	11-99	Jubilaci	Divide	Total
1	42.7	28.7	16.2	7.2	5.2	100
I	23.2	33.3	24.9	9.6	9.1	100
III	14.2	28.7	28.5	14.3	14.4	100
IV	9.1	20.9	28.7	18.6	22.7	100
V	4.4	15.4	25.3	19.5	35.4	100
VI	3.7	10.7	21.6	19.5	44.5	100
VII	2.6	6.1	18.6	19.1	53.6	100
VIII	1.6	5.0	16.8	17.2	59.4	100

The arithmetic tool is a progressive tool. Each row shows the variation in children's arithmetic levels within a given grade. For example, among children in Std III, 14.2% cannot even recognise 1-9, 28.7% can recognise numbers up to 9 but cannot recognise numbers up to 99 or higher, 28.5% can recognise numbers up to 99 but cannot do subtraction, 14.3% can do subtraction but cannot do division, and 14.4% can do division. For each grade, the total of these exclusive categories is 100%.

Table 8: Trends over time Arithmetic in Std III. By school type. 2012, 2014, 2016, 2018, 2022

Year	% Children in Std III who can do at least subtraction					
Teal	Govt	Pvt	Govt & Pvt*			
2012	25.1	68.4	28.1			
2014	18.0	68.0	24.2			
2016	20.0	72.0	27.3			
2018	18.0	65.6	28.9			
2022	21.2	66.7	28.8			

*This is the weighted average for children in government and private schools only.

In most states, children are expected to do 2-digit by 2-digit subtraction with borrowing by Std II. Table 8 shows the proportion of children in Std III who can do subtraction. This figure is a proxy for "grade level" arithmetic for Std III. Data for children enrolled in government schools and private schools is shown separately.

Arithmetic tool

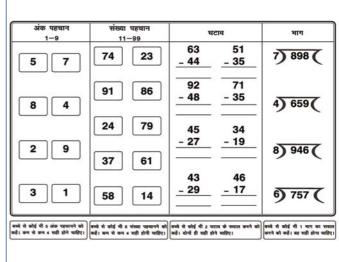
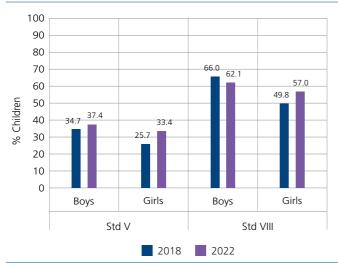


Table 9: Trends over time Arithmetic in Std V and Std VIII. By school type. 2012, 2014, 2016, 2018, 2022

Year	% Childre	n in Std V do division		% Children in Std VIII who can do division		
. ca.	Govt	Pvt	Govt & Pvt*	Govt	Pvt	Govt & Pvt*
2012	30.0	60.6	31.3	66.4		67.0
2014	31.4	72.4	34.9	60.3	80.9	61.2
2016	28.9	72.5	32.6	61.0	85.4	62.4
2018	24.1	64.0	29.9	55.1	78.7	57.0
2022	30.0	67.1	35.6	58.0	77.9	59.5

^{*}This is the weighted average for children in government and private schools only.

Chart 4: Trends over time % Children who can do division. By grade and sex. 2018 and 2022





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Reading and comprehension in English

ASER assessments are conducted in the household. Children in the age group 5-16 are assessed. The type of school in which children are enrolled (government or private) is also recorded.

Table 10: % Children by grade and reading level in English. All children. 2022

Std	Not even capital letters	Capital letters	Small letters	Simple words	Easy sentences	Total
I	53.7	14.9	16.7	9.5	5.3	100
II	37.4	18.0	23.4	13.0	8.3	100
Ш	26.4	18.5	28.3	15.5	11.4	100
IV	18.3	14.9	28.9	21.9	16.0	100
V	12.5	11.4	28.1	25.6	22.4	100
VI	9.1	9.4	24.5	27.6	29.4	100
VII	7.5	6.3	20.0	27.9	38.3	100
VIII	5.2	6.1	18.2	26.7	43.8	100

Each row shows the variation in children's reading levels in English within a given grade. For example, among children in Std III, 26.4% cannot even read capital letters, 18.5% can read capital letters but not small letters or more, 28.3% can read small letters but not words or more, 15.5% can read words but not sentences, and 11.4% can read sentences. For each grade, the total of these exclusive categories is 100%.

Table 11: Of children who can read English at different levels, % who can comprehend. 2022

Std	Of those who can read English words but not sentences, % who can tell their meanings	Of those who can read English sentences, % who can tell their meanings
1	56.7	43.8
II	52.8	51.7
III	54.5	55.9
IV	54.6	57.5
V	54.0	59.6
VI	52.6	59.4
VII	52.9	60.2
VIII	57.1	62.3

English tool

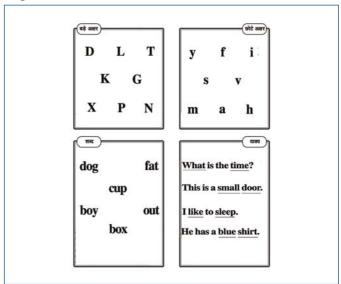


Table 12: Trends over time English reading in Std V and VIII. By school type. 2012, 2014, 2016, 2022

Year	% Children in Std V who can read English sentences			% Children in Std VIII who can read English sentences			
	Govt	Pvt	Govt & Pvt*	Govt	Pvt	Govt & Pvt*	
2012	14.6	54.6	16.3	47.8		48.8	
2014	13.5	75.2	18.7	41.8	79.5	43.4	
2016	13.4	69.6	18.2	41.2	85.5	43.8	
2022	14.4	68.6	22.5	41.0	78.3	43.9	

^{*}This is the weighted average for children in government and private schools only.

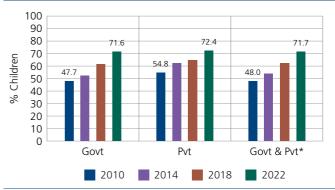
Paid tuition classes

Table 13: % Children who take paid tuition classes. By grade and school type. 2022

Std	Govt	Pvt	Govt & Pvt*
1	58.0	70.8	61.0
I	63.9	73.2	66.0
III	69.6	73.4	70.2
IV	72.0	73.1	72.2
V	73.5	70.7	73.1
VI	76.4	72.8	75.9
VII	79.9	72.3	79.0
VIII	80.1	74.5	79.7
All	71.6	72.4	71.7

^{*}This is the weighted average for children in government and private schools only.

Chart 5: Trends over time % Children in Std I-VIII who take paid tuition classes. By school type. 2010, 2014, 2018, 2022



^{*}This is the weighted average for children in government and private schools only.

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School observations

In each sampled village, the largest government school with primary sections is visited on the day of the survey. Information about schools in this report is based on these visits.

Table 14: Trends over time Number of schools visited. 2010, 2014, 2018, 2022

	2010	2014	2018	2022
Primary schools*	265	224	237	243
Upper primary schools*	702	864	863	858
Total schools visited	967	1088	1100	1101

Table 15: Trends over time Student and teacher attendance on the day of visit. 2010, 2014, 2018, 2022

Primary schools	2010	2014	2018	2022
% Enrolled children present (Average)	56.1	58.2	56.5	59.3
% Teachers present (Average)	84.6	77.5	68.5	80.9
Upper primary schools	2010	2014	2018	2022
% Enrolled children present (Average)	55.9	52.1	52.9	53.3
% Teachers present (Average)	80.6	76.0	73.0	84.0

Table 16: Trends over time Multigrade classes. 2010, 2014, 2018, 2022

Primary schools	2010	2014	2018	2022
% Schools where Std II children were observed sitting with any other Std	67.6	79.3	83.3	74.8
% Schools where Std IV children were observed sitting with any other Std	63.7	79.0	74.0	71.3
Upper primary schools	2010	2014	2018	2022
% Schools where Std II children were observed sitting with any other Std	53.0	58.8	61.9	59.4
% Schools where Std IV children were observed sitting with any other Std	43.4	52.8	50.3	46.6

Table 17: Trends over time % Schools with total enrollment of 60 or less. 2010, 2014, 2018, 2022

	2010	2014	2018	2022
Primary schools	0.4	1.8	5.9	5.8
Upper primary schools	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0

School facilities

Table 18: Trends over time % Schools with selected facilities. 2010, 2014, 2018, 2022

% Schools with		2010	2014	2018	2022
Mid-day	Mid-day meal served in school on day of visit	57.2	69.2	84.5	86.8
meal	Kitchen/shed for cooking mid-day meal	64.0	87.7	91.6	86.4
	No facility for drinking water	9.6	2.3	3.5	4.8
Drinking	Facility but no drinking water available	11.7	7.3	6.8	7.9
water	Drinking water available	78.7	90.4	89.7	87.3
	Total	100	100	100	100
	No toilet facility	19.3	6.4	3.4	2.6
Toilet	Facility but toilet not useable	47.2	33.0	21.1	26.5
Tollet	Toilet Useable		60.6	75.6	70.9
	Total	100	100	100	100
	No separate provision for girls' toilet		25.4	16.7	11.3
Girls'	Separate provision but locked	15.1	14.3	9.1	6.5
toilet	Separate provision, unlocked but not useable	16.9	14.1	11.2	18.5
lonet	Separate provision, unlocked and useable	18.1	46.2	63.0	63.8
	Total	100	100	100	100
	No library	47.1	23.7	40.9	34.0
Library	Library but no books being used by children on day of visit	24.7	45.8	31.6	30.6
Library	Library books being used by children on day of visit	28.2	30.5	27.5	35.4
	Total	100	100	100	100
	Electricity connection			69.5	92.5
Electricity	Of schools with electricity connection, % schools with electricity	ricity ava	ilable	71.4	84.7
	on day of visit			/1.4	84.7
	No computer available for children to use	93.1	94.3	96.6	92.4
Computer	Computer available but not being used by children on day of visit	2.9	5.0	2.8	6.1
Computer	Computer being used by children on day of visit	4.0	0.7	0.6	1.5
	Total	100	100	100	100



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^{*}Primary schools offer Std I-IV/V; Upper primary schools offer Std I-VI/VIII/VIII.

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Data is not presented where sample size is insufficient.

Other school indicators

In each sampled village, the largest government school with primary sections is visited on the day of the survey. Information about schools in this report is based on these visits.

Table 19: Trends over time Physical education. 2018 and 2022

% Schools with		Primary schools*		Upper primary schools*	
		2018	2022	2018	2022
Weekly time allotted for physical education for every class			49.0		70.7
	Separate teacher	4.4	5.0	46.7	45.5
Physical education	Any other teacher	44.3	52.7	32.9	34.2
teacher	No teacher	51.3	42.3	20.4	20.3
	Total	100	100	100	100
Playground in the school		41.1	43.2	53.9	58.0
Sports equi	oment available	34.9	57.6	59.9	67.6

Table 20: Foundational Literacy and Numeracy (FLN) activities. 2022

% Schools which	Received a directive from govt to implement FLN activities with Std I-III	Have at least one teacher trained on FLN
Primary schools	87.2	90.9
Upper primary schools	87.6	92.3

Table 22: Distribution of language and math textbooks. 2022

% Schools where textbooks distributed to	All grades	Some grades	No grades/ don't know	Total	If no, then % schools where funds given
Primary schools	30.2	25.9	44.0	100	89.9
Upper primary schools	34.9	17.1	48.0	100	92.4

Table 24: Annual Composite Grant. 2022

	Financial year	% Schools which received grant	Out of these, % schools which used the entire amount
All	Full financial year: April 2021-March 2022	23.0	69.6
schools**	Half financial year: April 2022-date of survey	29.8	16.1

^{*}Primary schools offer Std I-IV/V; Upper primary schools offer Std I-VI/VII/VIII.

Table 21: Anganwadi and pre-primary class in schools. 2022

% Schools which	Have an Anganwadi in campus	Have a separate pre- primary class	Received separate funds for pre- primary	Have a separate teacher for pre- primary
Primary schools	19.5	5.0	0.4	0.4
Upper primary schools	16.2	5.9	1.6	2.8

Table 23: Distribution of uniforms. 2022

% Schools where uniforms distributed to	All grades	Some grades	No grades/ don't know	Total	If no, then % schools where funds given
Primary schools	26.7	20.9	52.4	100	81.4
Upper primary schools	33.6	14.3	52.1	100	85.3



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^{**}All schools include primary schools and upper primary schools.