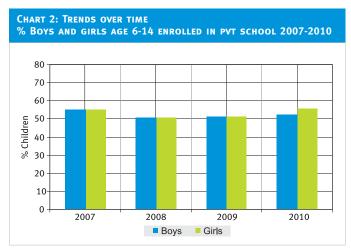


SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND OUT OF SCHOOL CHILDREN

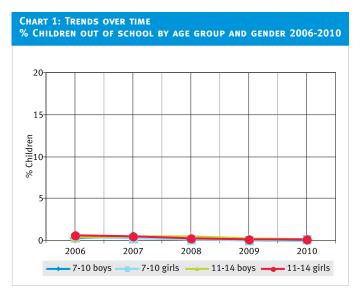
TABLE 1: % CHILDREN	TABLE 1: % CHILDREN IN DIFFERENT TYPES OF SCHOOLS 2010											
Age group	Govt.	Pvt.	Other	Not in School	Total							
AGE: 6 -14 ALL	45.3	54.2	0.4	0.1	100							
AGE: 7-16 ALL	46.2	53.3	0.4	0.2	100							
AGE: 7-10 ALL	42.5	57.1	0.4	0.1	100							
AGE: 7-10 BOYS	43.9	55.6	0.6	0.0	100							
AGE: 7-10 GIRLS	41.1	58.7	0.2	0.1	100							
AGE: 11-14 ALL	48.8	50.8	0.3	0.1	100							
AGE: 11-14 BOYS	50.4	49.2	0.4	0.1	100							
AGE: 11-14 GIRLS	47.2	52.5	0.3	0.1	100							
AGE: 15-16 ALL	48.2	50.7	0.4	0.8	100							
AGE: 15-16 BOYS	47.6	51.1	0.3	1.0	100							
AGE: 15-16 GIRLS	48.7	50.3	0.5	0.5	100							

NOTE: 'OTHER' includes children going to madarssa and EGS.

'NOT IN SCHOOL' = dropped out + never enrolled.



How to read this chart: In 2010, 52.7% of all boys (age 6-14) were enrolled in private school and 55.8% of all girls (age 6-14) were enrolled in private school.



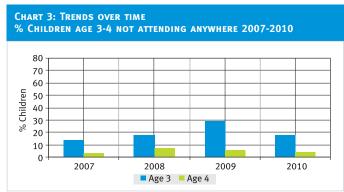
How to read this chart: For example, the proportion of girls (age 11-14) not in school has changed from 0.6% in 2006 to 0.4% in 2007 to 0.2% in 2008, 0.2% in 2009 and to 0.1% in 2010.

Table 2: Sample description % Children in each class by age 2010													
Std.	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	Total
1	16.7	60.2	20.6		2.5								
II	0.4	11.6	63.0	22.8	2.8								100
Ш	0	.8	10.5	60.6	24.7				3.4				100
IV		0.8		10.3	58.7	27.0			3	3.2			100
٧		1	.3		8.0	69.3	19.3			2.1			100
VI			1.6		13.3 57.1 24.8 3.2						.2		100
VII			1.	.9	12.3 63.0 20.8 1.9							100	
VIII				1.0				16.3	65.9	14.5	2	.4	100

How to read this table: If a child started school in Std I at age 6, she should be age 8 in Std 3. This table shows the age distribution for each class. For example, in Std III, 60.6% children are 8 years old but there are also 10.5% who are 7, 24.7% who are 9 years old, etc.

YOUNG CHILDREN IN PRE-SCHOOL AND SCHOOL

	TABLE 3: % CHILDREN AGE 3-6 WHO ATTEND DIFFERENT TYPES OF PRE-SCHOOL & SCHOOL 2010											
	In balwadi	In LKG/		In Scho	ol	Not going anywhere	Total					
	or anganwadi	UKG	Govt	Pvt	Other	Not g anyw	으					
AGE 3	68.0	14.3				17.8	100					
AGE 4	49.5	46.8				3.8	100					
AGE 5	20.1	35.6	14.0	29.5	0.2	0.7	100					
AGE 6	3.1	12.3	33.8	50.0	0.5	0.3	100					



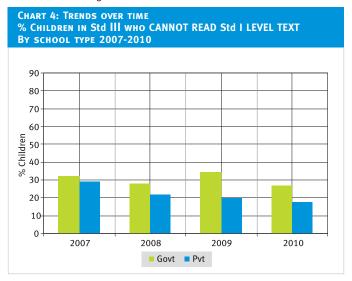
In 2010, 99.4% of sampled villages reported having an anganwadi in the village. **How to read this chart:** For example, in 2010, 17.8% of all age 3 children were not attending any kind of preschool or school.

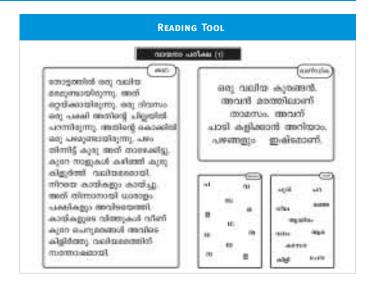


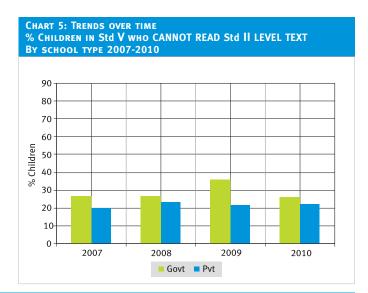
READING IN OWN LANGUAGE

	4: CLASS-W HOOLS 201		LDREN BY	READING LEV	/EL	
Std.	Nothing	Letter	Word	Level 1 (Std 1 Text)	Level 2 (Std 2 Text)	Total
1	2.6	38.7	39.1	14.0	5.6	100
II	1.2	15.7	28.0	28.0	27.2	100
III	0.6	7.3	13.8	29.1	49.2	100
IV	0.0	4.3	7.8	21.3	66.6	100
٧	0.4	2.1	5.1	16.3	76.1	100
VI	0.8	1.3	3.8	11.2	82.9	100
VII	0.5	1.0	1.7	9.2	87.7	100
VIII	0.6	0.6	1.2	8.2	89.4	100
TOTAL	0.8	7.8	11.3	16.7	63.5	100

How to read this table: Each cell shows the highest level of reading achieved by a child. For example, in Std III, 0.6% children cannot even read letters, 7.3% can read letters but not more, 13.8% can read words but not Std 1 text or higher, 29.1% can read Std 1 text but not Std 2 level text, and 49.2% can read Std 2 level text. For each class, the total of all these exclusive categories is 100%.







TUITION

	TABLE 5: CLASS-WISE % CHILDREN ATTENDING PAID TUITION CLASSES By school type 2007, 2009 and 2010											
Year	School	I	Ш	III	IV	٧	VI	VII	VIII			
2007	Govt	28.2	32.7	30.3	39.0	36.8	39.6	42.0	42.4			
2007	Pvt	20.1	28.3	29.6	35.6	39.2	38.8	35.8	41.9			
2000	Govt	21.4	33.1	31.2	34.4	41.8	34.2	35.1	41.5			
2009	Pvt	28.7	32.4	37.6	43.3	43.0	43.1	42.6	47.8			
2010	Govt	26.3	23.7	36.2	35.0	44.3	40.7	45.2	46.1			
2010	Pvt	29.4	32.1	40.2	40.7	44.1	44.5	43.3	39.9			

NOTE: In 2007, 2009 and 2010 the ASER survey recorded information about tuition. In all 3 years, the question asked was the following: "Does the child take any paid additional class currently?" Therefore, these numbers do not include any supplemental help in learning that children may have received from parents, siblings or from anyone else who did not require payment.

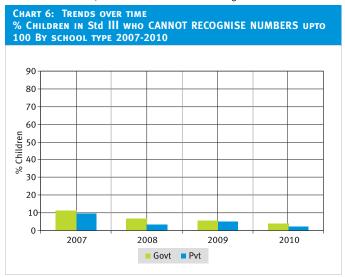


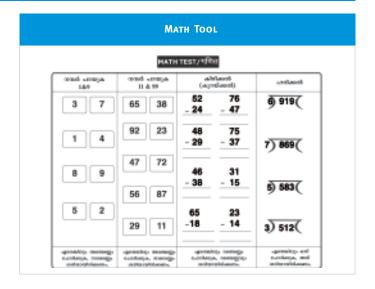


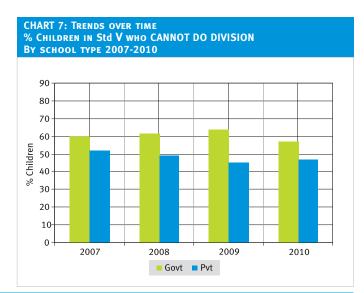
ARITHMETIC

	6: CLASS-V HOOLS 20		LDREN BY	ARITHMETIC	LEVEL	
Std.	Nothing	Recognize	Recognize Numbers 1-9 11-99		Divide	Total
1	2.3	28.3	59.2	8.1	2.2	100
II	1.6	9.5	50.2	34.1	4.6	100
Ш	0.4	2.5	30.6	55.4	11.1	100
IV	0.3	2.7	16.9	51.1	29.0	100
V	0.1	1.2	10.5	39.5	48.6	100
VI	0.6	1.0	7.5	25.8	65.1	100
VII	0.3	0.5	4.4	21.2	73.7	100
VIII	0.6	0.4	4.1	15.0	80.0	100
TOTAL	0.7	5.0	20.7	31.4	42.2	100

How to read this table: Each cell shows the highest level of arithmetic achieved by a child. For example, in 5td 3, 0.4% children cannot even recognize numbers 1-9, 2.5% can recognize numbers up to 10 but not more, 30.6% can recognize numbers upto 100 but cannot do subtraction, 55.4% can do subtraction but not division, and 11.1% can do division. For each class, the total of all these exclusive categories is 100%.



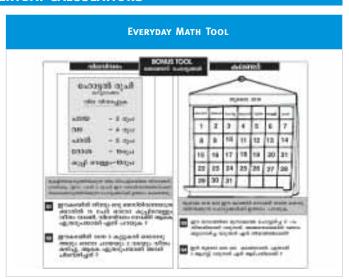




CRITICAL THINKING AND EVERYDAY CALCULATIONS

	TABLE 7: CLASSWISE % CHILDREN IN Std V-VIII ABLE TO ANSWER QUESTIONS IN EVERYDAY MATH. ALL SCHOOLS 2010											
Std.	Neither	One	Both	Neither	One	Both	Neither	One	Both	Neither	One	Both
	Menu Calendar				Area Estimatio					on		
٧	14.2	12.9	73.0	16.7	11.5	71.8	38.7	9.3	52.0	22.8	8.0	69.2
VI	10.4	10.4	79.2	12.5	7.4	80.1	24.6	9.5	65.9	17.4	7.0	75.7
VII	6.7	8.8	84.5	8.0	6.3	85.7	17.0	10.9	72.1	11.2	6.1	82.7
VIII	3.9	6.7	89.3	5.3	4.0	90.7	12.5	8.1	79.4	7.0	5.3	87.7

NOTE: Children enrolled in school in Std V and above were given 4 tasks related to everyday calculations. For each task, children were asked two questions.







PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS

TABLE 8	Anganwadi or balwadi	Out of school	Private school	Tuition		Learning rels		Learning els	Std V	-VIII : Everyd	lay calcula	tions
District Name	% Children (Age 3-4) in anganwadi or pre- school	% Children (Age: 6-14) out of school	,	% Children (Std IV- VIII) attend- ing paid tuition classes	% Children (Std I-II) who CAN READ letters or more	(Std I-II)	•		% Children answering both questions correctly	% Children answering both questions correctly	ing both questions	% Children answering both questions correctly
						9 or more			Menu	Calendar	Area	Estimation
Alappuzha *		0.0	51.3	78.7	100.0	97.0	91.1	83.0	86.4	89.1	77.6	86.1
Ernakulam	91.2	0.0	75.7	41.6	97.2	97.0	86.6	83.2	82.6	84.7	63.6	72.1
Idukki	98.4	0.1	60.0	20.8	93.2	97.7	77.2	78.2	81.4	76.2	68.8	74.5
Kannur	84.2	0.0	66.9	9.6	99.3	99.3	86.9	84.3	83.5	84.3	74.7	82.0
Kasaragod	98.6	0.2	40.1	7.4	98.0	97.9	81.5	60.2	78.1	71.1	57.2	73.4
Kollam	92.5	0.2	59.1	80.8	97.6	97.5	92.6	86.0	74.2	73.6	59.1	73.4
Kottayam	94.5	0.0	71.0	38.4	100.0	96.9	91.1	74.7	74.8	79.6	51.9	65.1
Kozhikode	80.3	0.3	55.6	33.2	98.4	98.2	85.7	77.2	81.3	81.2	72.2	78.2
Malappuram	92.1	0.0	32.8	10.2	97.8	97.0	83.2	73.7	78.1	74.6	64.0	70.5
Palakkad	80.3	0.0	44.6	33.9	98.2	100.0	81.6	77.3	88.0	91.0	85.3	89.9
Pathanamthitta	96.4	0.2	63.2	52.4	100.0	99.3	86.1	82.0	87.5	87.1	78.8	86.3
Thiruvananthapuram	93.2	0.2	47.2	62.4	96.5	97.7	95.9	87.0	86.8	89.5	64.7	95.0
Thrissur	95.2	0.0	69.3	47.5	98.9	100.0	87.4	81.2	78.4	82.1	59.6	76.9
Wayanad	89.2	0.3	38.2	9.0	99.3	98.4	81.3	66.7	79.4	76.6	64.2	65.1
Total	90.7	0.1	54.2	42.6	98.2	98.1	86.9	79.2	81.4	82.0	67.3	78.7

^{*} Blank cells indicate insufficient data.

KERALA RURAL



AS PART OF ASER 2007, 2009 AND 2010, IN EACH SAMPLED VILLAGE, ONE GOVERNMENT SCHOOL WITH PRIMARY SECTIONS WAS VISITED ON THE DAY OF THE SURVEY. THE SCHOOL INFORMATION IS BASED ON THIS VISIT.

SCHOOL OBSERVATIONS

TABLE 9: TOTAL SCHOOLS VISITED			
	2007	2009	2010
TYPE OF SCHOOL			
Std I-IV/V: PRIMARY	127	178	176
Std I-VII/VIII: PRIMARY + UPPER PRIMARY	64	78	99
TOTAL SCHOOLS VISITED	191	256	275

TABLE 11: HEADTEACHERS 2010		
	Std I-IV/V	Std I-VII/VIII
NO HEADTEACHER APPOINTED	0.0	0.0
HEADTEACHER APPOINTED BUT NOT PRESENT ON DAY OF VISIT	5.4	2.8
HEADTEACHER APPOINTED & PRESENT ON DAY OF VISIT	94.6	97.2
TOTAL	100.0	100.0

TABLE 13: COMPUTERS 2010		
% Schools with	Std I-IV/V	Std I-VII/VIII
No computers	24.7	4.1
COMPUTERS BUT NO CHILDREN USING THEM AT TIME OF VISIT	18.8	11.3
COMPUTERS AND CHILDREN USING THEM AT TIME OF VISIT	56.5	84.5
TOTAL	100.0	100.0

TABLE 10: TEACHER ATTENDANCE											
	2007	2009	2010	2007	2009	2010					
TYPE OF SCHOOL	St	d I-IV	/V	Std	I-VII/	VIII					
% TEACHERS PRESENT (AVERAGE)	90.2	87.1	94.0	87.7	92.5	90.1					
% Schools with no teacher present	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0					
% SCHOOLS WITH ALL TEACHERS PRESENT	58.4	54.5	71.2	39.0	50.0	47.4					

TABLE 12: STUDENT ATTENDANCE							
	2007	2009	2010	2007	2009	2010	
TYPE OF SCHOOL	St	Std I-IV/V			Std I-VII/VIII		
% ENROLLED CHILDREN PRESENT (AVERAGE)	90.0	91.9	93.1	91.5	91.8	91.2	
% SCHOOLS WITH LESS THAN 50% ENROLLED CHILDREN PRESENT	3.6	0.6	0.0	3.6	1.3	1.0	
% SCHOOLS WITH 75% OR MORE ENROLLED CHILDREN PRESENT	93.7	96.5	97.6	92.9	96.1	94.9	

TABLE 14: MULTIGRADE CLASSES						
	2007	2009	2010	2007	2009	2010
% Schools in which	St	d I-IV	/V	Std	I-VII/	VIII
Std II CHILDREN SITTING WITH ONE OR MORE OTHER CLASSES	4.5	4.6	7.9	3.9	3.9	6.3
Std IV CHILDREN SITTING WITH ONE OR MORE OTHER CLASSES	2.9	3.6	7.1	2.1	1.3	2.2

SCHOOL GRANTS

TABLE 15: SSA SCHOOL GRANTS RECEIVED IN FIRST HALF OF FINANCIAL YEAR 2009-10 AND IN THE FULL FINANCIAL YEAR 2009-2010. PRIMARY SCHOOLS ONLY									
	April :	2009-0	ctobe	2009	April 2009-March 2010				
SSA school grants to government primary schools	chools	repo	Schools rting grant ormation		chools	% Schools reporting grant information			
only	No. of schools	Got grant	Did not get grant	Don't know	No. of schools	Got grant	Did not get grant	Don't know	
MAINTENANCE GRANT	121	83.5	11.6	5.0	153	94.1	5.2	0.7	
DEVELOPMENT GRANT	113	73.5	20.4	6.2	131	93.1	6.1	0.8	
TEACHER GRANT (TLM)	124	91.9	4.0	4.0	153	98.7	0.7	0.7	

IABLE 10: 55A SCHOOL GRANTS RECEIVED IN FULL FINANCIAL YEAR 2008-2009 AND FULL FINANCIAL YEAR 2009-2010. PRIMARY SCHOOLS ONLY									
	April	2008-	March	2009	April 2009-March 2010				
SSA school grants to government primary schools	chools	% Schools reporting grant information			chools	repo	Schoo rting g ormati	grant	
only	No. of schools	Got grant		Don't know	No. of schools	Got grant	Did not get grant	Don't know	
MAINTENANCE GRANT	155	90.3	6.5	3.2	153	94.1	5.2	0.7	
DEVELOPMENT GRANT	149	87.3	7.4	5.4	131	93.1	6.1	0.8	
TEACHER GRANT (TLM)	161	96.9	0.6	2.5	153	98.7	0.7	0.7	

NOTE: Table 15 compares grants received in the first half of the financial year (from April to October 2009) with grants received through the full financial year (from April 2009 to March 2010). Table 16 compares fund flows to schools across two full financial years. This table tracks fund flows to schools over time. Data reported is only for Primary schools. Data on Primary and Upper Primary Schools will be made available in the forthcoming PAISA 2010 report.



RIGHT TO EDUCATION INDICATORS

TABLE 17: SCHOOLS BY ENROLLMENT 2010					
School enrollment	Number of schools	% of schools			
1-60	53	19.9			
61-90	31	11.6			
91-120	34	12.7			
> 120	149	55.8			
TOTAL	267	100.0			

TABLE 18: PUPIL TO TEACHER RATIO COMPARED TO RTE NORMS 2010								
School			Nun	nber	of tea	ache	rs	
enrollment	1	2	3	4	5	6	≥7	Total
1-60	0.0	2.4			97.6			100
61-90	0.0 3.9					100		
91-120	18.8			18.8	62.5			100
→ 120	7.2				4.3	88	3.5	100

How to read this table: For example, RTE norms state that a school with enrollment of 61-90 students should have 3 teachers. This table shows that for schools in this category, 3.9% of schools are at norm (i.e. have 3 teachers), none are below the norm and 96.2% are above the norm.

TABLE 19: SCHOOLS BY NUMBER OF TEACHERS 2010						
	Number of schools					
1	0	0.0				
2	2	0.8				
3	34	14.2				
4	31	13.0				
5	18	7.5				
6	18	7.5				
≥7	136	56.9				
TOTAL	239	100.0				

TABLE 20: TEACHER TO CLASSROOM RATIO COMPARED TO RTE NORMS 2010										
Number of			Nur	umber of classrooms						
Teachers	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	≥7	Total	
1	0.0 0.0				0.0				0	
2	0.0			100.0					100	
3		18.5		11.1		70.4				
4		24	.0		44.0	32.0			100	
5	62.5					18.8	18	.8	100	
6	20.0			20.0			20.0	60.0	100	
≥7				12.2				87.8	100	

How to read this table: RTE norms indicate that there should be one classroom for every teacher. This table shows, for example, that for schools with 3 teachers, 11.1% of schools are at norm (i.e. have 3 classrooms), 18.5% are below the norm and 70.4% are above the norm.

TABLE 21: FACILITIES COMPARED TO RTE NORMS 2010							
% of schools with							
	Office/Store/Office cum store	88.3					
Building	Playground	76.7					
	Boundary wall	82.1					
	No facility for drinking water	2.6					
DRINKING WATER	Facility but no drinking water available	11.7					
	Drinking water available	85.7					
	No toilet facility	0.4					
TOILET	Facility but toilet not useable						
	Toilet useable	68.2					
	% Schools with no separate provision for girls toilets	5.1					
	Of schools with separate girls toilets, % schools where						
GIRLS TOILET	Toilet locked	8.7					
	Toilet not useable	35.6					
	Toilet useable	50.6					
TLM	Teaching learning material in Std 2	98.5					
	Teaching learning material in Std 4	96.6					
	No library	16.9					
LIBRARY	Library but no books being used by children on day of visit	20.7					
	Library books being used by children on day of visit	62.4					
	Kitchen shed for cooking midday meal	98.1					
MDM	Midday meal served in school on day of visit	100.0					

NOTE: School observations for ASER 2010 looked at TLM for Std II and Std IV only.

As part of ASER 2010, in each sampled village, one government school with primary sections was visited on the day of the survey. During this school visit, RTE indicators were observed and are reported here.

Extracts from the Schedule of The Right of Children to Free and Compulsory Education Act 2009 Norms and standards for a School (Sections 19 and 25)

NUMBER OF TEACHERS IN Std 1-5:

Admitted children	No. of teachers
<= 60	2
61-90	3
91-120	4
121-200	5
> 150	5 + 1 Headteacher
> 200	Pupil-Teacher Ratio
	(excluding Headteacher)
	shall not exceed 40

SCHOOL FACILITIES:

All weather building with:

- At least one classroom for every teacher
- Office cum store cum headteacher's room
- · Separate toilets for boys and girls
- Safe and adequate drinking water facility to all children
- A kitchen where mid-day meal is cooked in the school
- Playground
- Arrangements for securing the school building by boundary wall or fencing.

TEACHING LEARNING EQUIPMENT

shall be provided to each class as required.

LIBRARY

There shall be a library in each school providing newspaper, magazines and books on all subjects, including story-books.

